

GOVERNOR WILSON GREETED MARSHALL

Leader of Democratic Party and
Running Mate Meet at
Spring Lake.

NOTIFICATION AT SEAGIRT

Great Crowd Will Be Present to
Hear Candidate Informed of
His Nomination.

Seagirt, N. J., August 6.—Governor Woodrow Wilson, presidential nominee on the Democratic ticket, met Thomas R. Marshall, Governor of Indiana, the vice-presidential nominee, tonight at the Seaside Hotel, at Spring Lake, two miles away, the first time the two governors had seen each other within a year, and their greeting was cordial.

Governor Marshall came to attend the ceremonies at Seagirt tomorrow, in which Governor Wilson will be notified of his nomination for the presidency and will deliver a speech of acceptance, outlining his attitude on public questions of moment. The meeting came at the close of a strenuous day for Governor Wilson. At an early hour he motored to the State House, at Trenton, where a delegation of Democrats from Indiana and Maryland, as well as Governor O'Neil, of Alabama, were waiting for him in the North. At noon Governor Wilson made a brief speech to his callers, with a distinct campaign tone in it. He advocated the taking of the government of the United States out of the hands of the "trusts" and putting it in the hands of the people.

Governor Marshall motored back to Seagirt, reaching here at dusk, but hurried away to the hotel at Spring Lake, where Governor and Mrs. Marshall were stopping.

The Governor declared after the meeting that he had enjoyed seeing Governor Marshall again, and spoke in warm terms of his running mate. Governor Marshall arrived in the afternoon. He strolled along the shore with his wife and was surrounded by the crowd of Seagirt correspondents.

Will Go Democratic.
"The trust in Indiana," he said, "is the great issue, and on it Indiana will go Democratic. Personally, I feel strongly on the tariff question, and I don't think any government has the right to impose a tax to take money out of one man's pocket and put it in another's pocket. That there is a need for tariff reform is shown in the fact that about ninety per cent of the manufacturers sell goods abroad cheaper than they do here."

Governor Marshall was asked what he thought of the "small the people" idea of the third party. He replied that he did not think the people would be drawn away by any false issue. "Because the people to rule are always here, and can have just the kind of government they want."

If they want a better government, they can get it."

Governor Marshall was shown Governor Wilson's speech in Trenton about "taking the government out of the hands of the trusts."

"I have always been opposed to trusts under God," said Governor Marshall, "because they have been unable to convince me that the signatures to their credentials were genuine."

The notification ceremonies tomorrow will be both simple and brief. About a clock in the afternoon, Senator-Elect Ollie James, of Kentucky, chairman of the notification committee of fifty-two, will officially notify Governor Wilson of his nomination. Governor Wilson, speaking from the veranda of the executive mansion, will deliver his speech of acceptance, approximately 4,000 words in length.

The Democratic Governors of twenty-two States have been invited to attend and prominent Democrats from various sections have signified their intention of being present. Governor and Mrs. Wilson will entertain the notification committee and their guests at luncheon. There will be no music, no militia and no further ceremony, according to Governor Wilson's plans. Preparations, however, are being made to handle a big crowd.

Ritual conditions. Mr. Mack said: "I know what work it takes to conduct a national campaign, and I am surprised to see how far advanced the present work is. The headquarters here in Seagirt is now for a strenuous fight."

Chairman McCombs interviewed each committee member and took notes on what the visitors had to say of conditions in their States. The chairman later said he was impressed with the enthusiastic reports received.

The notification committee, which is composed of fifty-two members, will leave for Seagirt with forty national committee members from the Pennsylvania station at 11 o'clock tomorrow. Chairman James of the notification committee, said that all members would be present except C. B. Overholser, of South Lake city, Utah, who has telegraphed that Mrs. Overholser has the way East to take his place. She will be the only woman "member" of the committee.

An appeal for popular subscriptions to finance the campaign of Governor Wilson was made today by Chairman McCombs in a letter sent to Democratic papers throughout the country. The Democratic campaign manager asked the collection of dollar subscriptions, but larger sums will be welcomed.

Chicago Women Union Articles Stolen by Society Burglar.
Chicago, Ill., August 6.—Nearly \$300,000 worth of jewelry and silverware, articles of value, and other articles, part of the massive plunder of Jacob F. Guthrie, Chicago's society burglar and forger, was identified at detective headquarters by wealthy residents of Chicago.

A score of persons called to inspect the property, but only those whose names Guthrie had confessed robbing were allowed to see the stolen goods, which covered ten tables.

The estimated value of the articles stolen from Mrs. Samuel W. Allerton is \$150,000. The items being jewelry, silverware, furs and lace. Two watches, which are said to have been once worn by King George III, were in the lot identified by Mrs. Allerton.

Mrs. Allerton Young, thirty years in her eyes, identified a miniature photograph of her husband, who died some time ago. Mrs. Young claimed about \$200,000 worth of diamonds, bris-a-brac and other articles.

GIVES DETAILS OF POLICE GRAFT

"Bald Jack" Rose Tells How
Becker Extorted Money
From Gamblers.

INNER WORKINGS OF "SYSTEM"

On Promise of Leniency, He
Makes Clean Breast of
His Dealings.

New York, August 6.—"Bald Jack" Rose, the gambler upon whose testimony was chiefly based the indictment of Police-Lieutenant Charles Becker, on the charge of instigating the murder of Herman Rosenthal, today furnished District-Attorney Whitman with a written statement disclosing in detail the history of his relations with Becker as one of the police officer's alleged graft collectors.

Rose in his confession, as the District-Attorney terms it, reiterates his previous story that Becker was one of four higher police officers who collected between \$2,000,000 and \$3,000,000 yearly from illegal resorts, and gives a complete table of his collections from gamblers which he turned over to Becker.

These collections, according to the "confession," averaged from \$12,000 to \$15,000 a month and came from a dozen or more gambling houses. The names of about ten of them Rose gave the District-Attorney.

Becker, the self-accused gambler, was continually bounding him for more money, telling him he said, "that the bunch down town is not getting enough."

Rose had been working on his statement in his cell ever since he was promised by District-Attorney Whitman that he would be given a week to make his first confession. Rose declared that he had always turned his collections over to Becker in cash, frequently at Becker's home and that his wife and servants had seen the money pass and could testify to the truth of his statement.

Becker's method of bringing the gamblers to terms was to raid them first, Rose said. This was the police officer's way of getting acquainted. After the raid he would offer to "fix" the case before the grand jury. Rose charged, provided the gambler would "come across." Further to impress the gambler, Becker would procure further warrants threatening to continue his raids as long as the gambler refused to pay blackmail.

Rose detailed two specific instances of Becker's alleged methods. One was that of a Brooklyn poolroom keeper named Dorsey, upon whom Fox, one of Becker's "strong arm" men, secured evidence. Rose wrote Becker's men then raided the place, and the next day Dorsey came to see Becker and Rose. Becker, Rose declared, showed the poolroom keeper three or four warrants and told him that for \$500 he would tear them up and the case would be dropped. The police officer, Rose's story runs, gave him from Friday until

Monday to get the money, which Dorsey did.

The other instance described by Rose was that of a gambling place known as the Sage South, in which Sam Paul, the East Side gang leader, was said to be interested. Becker, Rose asserted, never got real evidence.

Becker's own relations with the police lieutenant, Rose said, had been an acquaintance, begun when Becker raided his gambling house on the East Side. Rose declared that Becker became a stool pike for Becker in his raiding activities and later his collector. Rose substantiated all that Rosenthal had charged as to Becker being his partner in the Rosenthal gambling house. He asserted that Becker got 22 1/2 per cent per "play," 2 per cent on his own account and one-half of Rose's share, which was 25 per cent. In addition to Rose's statement, the district attorney, it is learned tonight, obtained telephone records substantiating Rose's story that a few minutes after the murder of Rosenthal, Rose called Becker up and asked him to come downtown at once, and that he had been waiting for Becker several times thereafter.

The prosecution has also discovered the whereabouts of Pollack, at whose home Rose stayed before he gave himself up, and has subpoenaed him and his wife to appear in court. Mr. Whitman expects will substantiate Rose's story that he was in communication with Becker while in hiding there. Becker was newspaper men in his cell today, when he was asked if it was true that the "system" was collecting a \$20,000 fund to defend him.

He replied, "I have engaged John F. McIntyre to conduct my case by advice of my counsel, John W. Hart. No system will suggest my counsel. I am master of my own case."

The search of the polls, and the district attorney's detection of "Gib the Blood" and "Lulu Louie" wanted as Rosenthal's actual murderers, has thus far proved fruitless.

NEGRO QUESTION IS DECIDED

(Continued From First Page.)

ored delegates all came from the States that never cast a Republican electoral vote and that never elected a colored man to office. Owing to the action participated in for forty-five years by the Republican party, the colored man has, as a matter of fact, gradually lost all his political rights. So that the old policy of attempting to impose on the Southern States from without a certain rule of conduct toward the negro has, in fact, broken down, and friends, I regret to say that every man who has ever been to a national convention knows that the character of the great majority of the colored delegates from the South, from those old rotten borough States, was such as to reflect discredit upon the Republican party and upon the race itself. (Applause.) Now, as soon as the Progressive party was formed, in different States, many other men from the Northern States themselves an ample recognition of the colored men in the States, so that, as a matter of fact, there is in this convention a representation of colored men such as there never has been anything like before in any convention in the country. (Applause.) . . . and more than that, a representation of colored men in point of character, intelligence and good will, stand on an exact equality with any of the whites among whom they stand. (Applause.)

Sent There Honestly.
"From Maryland and Pennsylvania you have delegates; yes, and New Jersey. From Maryland and West Virginia there have come to this convention colored delegates because they have won the esteem and respect of their white neighbors, so that all the honest and decent men can join in sending the delegates of both colors and send them here honestly and with their own free will. That is what we Progressives have finally succeeded in doing in the North. We have done it by simply encouraging the best men in the North to act as squarely by the colored men as they would by the white men. We have not done it by trying to drag the white man into that action."

"The other system of trying to force on the far Southern States candidates we cannot make exist there has failed. I propose to take toward the Southern States the exact attitude that we took toward West Virginia and Maryland, and I believe in adopting that action, we shall naturally and spontaneously see from those Southern States the repetition of the condition in West Virginia and Maryland, so that in future Progressive National Conventions you will see colored delegates come from the South. Atlanta and Georgia States precisely as they now come from West Virginia and Maryland."

"I ask you to look carefully at the letter I wrote, you have had copies of it. The letter I wrote to Mr. Julian Harris. I have just received from him an answer. Mr. Harris is a Georgian, the son of 'Uncle Remus' Harris, a delegate to this convention, and in this letter in speaking of my action, Mr. Harris shows that his mind and my mind have met in the matter; that he and those for whom he speaks look at it just as I would have hoped they would look at it. He writes as follows, after speaking of the new constitution it has produced:

"Under these conditions, it will become for the first time possible that the negro who shows the quality which entitles him to respect and confidence will have the cordial good will of his white neighbor, do his part in healthy political work for the common good." (Applause.)

Worst Foes of Race.
"Now, friends, I hold that the white man and the colored man who endeavor to make the colored man discontented with what we are doing are the worst foes of the colored race. We are standing against the brutality of the Democracy, the hypocrisy of the Republicans. We are in the first place, beginning where all charity must begin, at home. We are beginning by taking the steps to do justice to the colored man in our own States. We are setting the standard in semi-Southern States like West Virginia and Maryland and setting a standard to which we can have a reasonable hope that our brethren of the South, when we no longer attempt to drive them, when it is a matter of honorable obligation with them as with us, to which we have a reasonable right to hope that their themselves will come up and to which my correspondent, as delegate in this convention from Georgia, himself says he believes they will come up."

"Now, friends, the only thing for me to have done in this matter, if I had been interested only in my own material advancement was to have repeated the dreadful blunders made for so many years by the Republican party; to have uttered insincere platitudes about the black man and kept him out of the Northern delegations and brought him in from the South as a cheap method of paying any obligation to him. That might have helped me, it would have helped me with those people who accept fine phrases as a substitute for honest action."

"It would have driven still further down the black man of the South. It would have kept the white men of the South solidified in any angry vindictive defensive alliance against any party that did justice to the negro, and it would have sown the seeds of the outbreak in this Progressive party, the seeds of dissolution which we saw blossom into perfect flower in the Republican convention in this city six weeks ago."

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What is Castoria.

CASTORIA is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

Letters from Prominent Physicians addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Dr. Albert W. Kahl, of Buffalo, N. Y., says: "I have used Castoria in my practice for the past 26 years. I regard it as an excellent medicine for children."

Dr. Gustave A. Eisenbrauer, of St. Paul, Minn., says: "I have used your Castoria repeatedly in my practice with good results, and can recommend it as an excellent, mild and harmless remedy for children."

Dr. E. J. Dennis, of St. Louis, Mo., says: "I have used and prescribed your Castoria in my sanitarium and outside practice for a number of years and find it to be an excellent remedy for children."

Dr. S. A. Buchanan, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I have used your Castoria in the case of my own baby and find it pleasant to take, and have obtained excellent results from its use."

Dr. J. E. Simpson, of Chicago, Ill., says: "I have used your Castoria in cases of colic in children and have found it the best medicine of its kind on the market."

Dr. R. E. Eskildson, of Omaha, Neb., says: "I find your Castoria to be a standard family remedy. It is the best thing for infants and children I have ever known and I recommend it."

Dr. L. R. Robinson, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Your Castoria certainly has merit. Is not its age, its continued use by mothers through all these years, and the many attempts to imitate it, sufficient recommendation? What can a physician add? Leave it to the mothers."

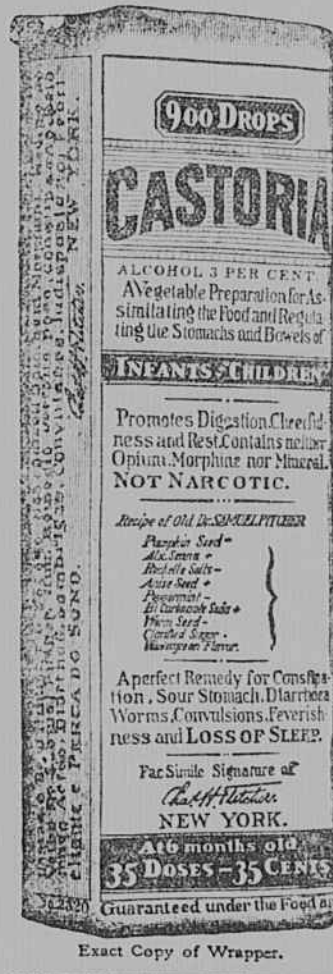
Dr. Edwin F. Pardee, of New York City, says: "For several years I have recommended your Castoria and shall always continue to do so, as it has invariably produced beneficial results."

Dr. N. B. Sizer, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I object to what are called patent medicines, where maker alone knows what ingredients are put in them, but I know the formula of your Castoria and advise its use."

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.



Here's
The Road to Comfort
A vanished thirst—a cool body
and a refreshed one; the sure way
—the only way is via a glass of

Coca-Cola

Ideally delicious—pure as purity—
crisp and sparkling as frost.

Delicious—Refreshing
Thirst-Quenching

Free
Our new
booklet,
telling of Coca-
Cola vindication
at Chattanooga, for
the asking.

Demand the Genuine
as made by
THE COCA-COLA CO.
ATLANTA, GA.

Whenever
you see an
Arrow think
of Coca-Cola.

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spread to the other large warehouses, every stable and boarding mill. An appeal was made to be made upon Washington and Charlottesville for help, but the local fire department, with its excellent water pressure, after the most determined and heroic struggle in its existence, found at 2 A. M. that it had the fire under its control.

The loss to buildings and stocks will probably total \$500,000. The firm of W. A. Thomas Sons & Company, tinners and stove makers, adjacent to the long warehouse, sustained a considerable loss by water.

**YOUNG ROBBERS
AGAIN ARRESTED**
Charles Fox and Norman Johnson, Robbers and Jail-Breakers, Arrested in Cincinnati.

A telegram from the police of Cincinnati received by Chief of Police Werner yesterday afternoon announced the capture in that city of Charles Fox and Norman Johnson, who recently broke jail here while they were awaiting transfer to the penitentiary to serve a term of one year for robbery. Along with Fox and Johnson, William Hartman, alias James Nelson, under indictment for forgery, also escaped. He has not been heard from. The police are more anxious to get him than the rest, because they believe that he planned the delivery, and furthermore, that he is wanted in other cities for crooked work.

When tried in the Hastings Court a short while before being committed to jail, Johnson and Fox were convicted of holding up and robbing Z. W. Smith, a druggist at 433 South Pine Street. Though the hold-up was a violent and done in true professional style, Mr. Smith appeared in court and asked that on account of their age the boys be given the minimum punishment.

Just how they effected their escape never was definitely found out. It is thought, however, that they got hold of a small piece of hardware, accidentally dropped in one of the courtrooms by a workman, and with that saved their way out.

Immediately after the delivery an investigation of the jail was made by a special committee, but the officials were exonerated of any negligence in the case.

An officer will be detailed by Chief

of Police Werner to go after them today. During their absence Fox and Johnson have been indicted in the Hastings Court for jail-breaking.

GETS HEARING TO-DAY
Massee in Spartanburg to Face Extradition Proceedings.
Spartanburg, S. C., August 6.—W. J. Massee, the wealthy street railway promoter of Macon, Ga., arrived in Spartanburg tonight for the proceedings to be held before Judge Massee in chambers tomorrow morning to determine whether or not Mr. Massee shall be extradited to Tennessee. He is accused of attempting by threats to induce Robert M. Williams to drop a lawsuit which he had instituted against Mr. Massee for defamation of character. Mr. Massee's brother, O. J. Massee, and several attorneys accompanied him.

After two Governors had refused to honor the requisition of the Governor of Tennessee for Massee, the Macon capitalist was arrested in Spartanburg as a fugitive from justice as he was passing through from New York to Atlanta twelve days ago.

Another Great Game.
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
Bristol, Va., August 6.—Following "Rube" Meekins' night game against Bristol in the Appalachian League here Monday, the Bristol and Johnson City teams played a night game today with the score 1 to 4, when the game was called on account of darkness. Hall, pitching for the visitors, allowing but three hits while Cullen for the locals yielded only four. Each pitcher struck out sixteen.

St. Louis Gets Whittled.
Jacksonville, Fla., August 6.—George Whittled, third baseman for the local South Atlantic League team today, was sold to the St. Louis National League Club. The price paid for the player is said to be \$25,000. Whittled will remain with the local team until the present South Atlantic League season ends.

Important Notice!
Change of Schedule,
N. & W. Ry.
The train for Lynchburg and the West via Norfolk and Western Railway, which has been leaving Richmond at 10:30 A. M., will on and after Wednesday, August 7, leave Richmond at 5:55 A. M.—ten minutes earlier.

C. H. BOSLEY,
District Passenger Agent

\$37.50 Pays for a complete course in either the Commercial or Shorthand and Typewriting Departments, if Scholarship is bought